
MAHARAJA GANGA SINGH UNIVERSITY BIKANER



M.PHIL. (HISTORY)

2021-22

M.PHIL.HISTORY- 2021-22

A.General Information:

Every question paper shall contain ten questions. Candidate shall be required to answer any Five question in all.Every Candidate shall be required to offer four Written papers including Dissertation. Paper- I and the Dissertation will be compulsory.

B. Course of Study:

Paper-I Theories and Methods of History (compulsory)

Paper-II (a) Primary Sources of Ancient Indian History.

or

(b) Primary Sources of Medieval Indian History.

Or

(c) Primary Sources of Modern Indian History.

or

(d) Primary Sources of Rajasthan History (Ancient to modern)

Or

Paper-III (a) Historians of India in the 19th and 20th Centuries.

or

(b) Historians of Rajasthan in the 19th and 20th Centuries.

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Paper-IV (a) Social ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.

OI

(b) Social Ideas and Institutions in Medieval India.

or

(c) Social Ideas and Institutions in modern India.

or

(d) Social Ideas and Institutions in Rajasthan (Ancient to Modern period)

or

Paper -V Tribal, Peasant and Prajamandal Movement in Rajasthan during the British Paramountcy.

Dissertation (in lieu of the fourth paper) (Compulsory)

PAPER-I THEORIES AND METHODS OF HISTORY (Compulsory)

Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- 1. Nature and Methods of History, Whether History is a Science or Art, Problem of objectivity-Relation between fact and interpretation, Causation, Predication and possibilities of Laws.
- 2. Historical explanation- Linear and Cyclical Theories-Idealistic and positivistic View point .
- 3. Dialectical History-Role of Individual in History.
- 4. Research in History, Subject of Proposed Research, sources of research: Primary and Secondary. Modern Historical writings. Footnotes; Bibliography and Index preparation.

Books Recommended:

E.H.Carr: What is History?

W.H.Walsh: An Introduction to the Philosophy of History.

Collingwood: The Idea of History.

G.C.Pande (ed.) Itihas-Swaroop Evam Siddanta, Rajasthan Hindi Grantham Academy Jaipur. Shaeikh Ali: History: Its Theory and Method, Macmillan India Ltd. Madras, Reprinted 1988. Vikas Nautiyal: Itihas Drishti (in Hindi)

PAPER-II (A) PRIMARY SOURCES OF ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY Marks: 100

Duration 3 hrs.

- 1. Vedic Literature: General Chronology, Nature and its Classification.
- 2. Buddhist and Jain Literature: Broad Classification and Chronology.
- 3. Special Study of the Arthasastra, Harshacharita and Rajtarangini, Accounts of Megasthenese, Fahien and Hiuen Tsang.
- 4. Classification, Script and Importance of Ashoka Inscriptions. Study of Junagarh Inscription of Rudradaman. Allahabad Pillar Inscription, and Junagarh inscription of Skandgupta; General features of tribal and the Gupta coins, their importance in reconstruction of Ancient Indian History.
- 5. Archaeological Method of determining the Chronology and dating the finding; General features and importance of pottery types: Use of paintings, Sculptures and Monuments as sources of History.

Books Recommended:

Winternitz, M.: History of Indian Literature. Upadhyaya Baldev: Sanskrit Sahitya Ka Itihas.

McCrindle: India as Described by Megasthenese and Arrain.

Sankratatyana, Rahula: Prakrit Sahitya ka Itihas.

Sircar D.C.: Select Inscriptions.

Upadhyaya, Basudev: Prachin Bharatiya Abilekhon Ka Adhyayana (in hindi).

Gupta P.L.: Coins.

Wheeler M.: Archaeology from the Earth. Sankalia, H.D.: Indian Archaeology Today.

Legge: Travels of Fahien.

Watters: On Yuan Chwang's Travels in India

OR

PAPER-II (B) PRIMARY SOURCES OF MEDIEVAL INDIAN HISTORY Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- 1. Persian Sources : (i) Official and (ii) Non Official
- 2. Non-Persian Sources: Historical Khyats and Kavyas, Saint literature and Jain literature and Importance of these sources.
- 3. Archival Sources (Rajasthan State Archives, Bikaner: Natnagar Shodh Sansthan, Sitamau; Choupasni Shodh Sansthan, Jodhpur) only Information about important categories of documents is expected.
- 4. Travel accounts of Thomas Roe, Bernier, Travenier, William Foster, Manuchi, William Hawkins and Peter Mundy.

Books Recommended:

Elliot and Dowson: History of India as told by its own Historian Vol. I to VIII

Mohibbul Hasan: Historians of Medieval India.

R.A.A.Rizvi: Adi Turk Kalin Bharat and other Volumes containing Hindi translation of Persian works.

P.Saran: Descriptive Catalogue of Non Persian Sources of Medieval Indian History.

Bernier: Travels in India, 2 vols, (Tr. and edited V. Ball, London, 1889)

PAPER-II (C) PRIMARY SOURCES OF MODERN INDIAN HISTORY Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- 1. Official records: Archival Records, Private Papers of Governor Generals and Secretaries of State: Legislative Assembly Debates: Parliamentary papers.
- 2. Newspapers in English and Regional Language.
- 3. Annual Proceedings of Indian National Congress and Muslim league.
- 4. Literature in Indian Languages after 1858 with special reference to Hindi and Bengali.
- 5. Autobiographies and Private Papers of Indian Leaders; Gandhi, Patel and Nehru.

Books Recommended:

J.Nehru: Autobiography.

S.Gopal (Ed): Selected works of Jawaharlal Nehru: Orient Longman Ltd. New Delhi, in 15 Vols (first Series) (Papers related to Indian Freedom Movement.

Collected works of Gandhi, Selected volumes on Non-cooperation Movement.

Correspondence of Sardar Patel (with particular reference to the integration of Indian States.

Pattabhi Sitaramayya: History of Indian National Congress. Vol.1-2

Dey: History of Bengali Literature in the 19th century.

R.R.Shukla: History of Hindu Press.

Varshney: Adhunik Hindi Sahitya Ka Itihas.

Guide to National Archives.

Wavell: My Dairy.

Or

PAPER-II (D) PRIMARY SOURCES OF RAJASTHAN HISTORY (Ancient to Modern Period)

Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- 1. Archaeological Sources-Kalibanga and Ahar; Coins, Inscriptions with special reference to Harsha Temple Inscription V.S. 1030, Bijollian Inscription. V.S. 1226 and Raj. Prashasti, Monuments V.S. 1732 Chittor Fort. Temples of Nagda and Osian, Chattris with special reference to Gatore.
 - (a) A Survery of records of the Rajasthan State Archives with special reference to :
 - (i) Dasture Komvar Papers (Jaipur)
 - (ii) Dastri Records(Jodhpur)
 - (iii) English Records of Ajmer Commissioners
 - (iv) English records of Mahakamakhas Jaisalamer (1891-1950A.D.)
 - (b) Survery of the Records of the National Archives of India, New Delhi with special reference to:
 - (i) Forgein and Political Department (ii) Home-Political Department.
 - (iii) State Ministry Department (1947-1950) (iv) Rajputana Agency Records.
 - (v) Miscellaneous series.
- 2. Nature and scope of the Marathi and Persian Sources.
- 3. Nature and scope of the Thikana Records.
- 4. Evaluation of the travel accounts as a source for Rajasthan History with special reference to Thomas Roe, Broughton, James Tod and Reginald Heber.
- 5. Newspapers and Periodicals.

Books Recommended:

- G.N. Sharma: Rajasthan Studies, Laxmi Narian Aggrawal, Agra (Relevant Portions).
- G.N.Sharma: Rajasthan ke Itihas ke srote, Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
- G.N.Sharma: Aithihasik Nibandha, Rajasthan Hindi Sahitya Mandir, Jodhpur (in Hindi) (Relevant Portions)
- G.N.Sharma : A Bibliography of Medieval Rajasthan (Social and culture) Lakshmi Narain Agrawal, Agra.
- P.Saran (Compiled): Descriptive Catalogue of Non-Persian sources of Medieval Indian-History (Covering Rajasthan and adjacent regions)
- Reginald Heber: Narrative of a journey through the upper Provinces of India from Calcutta to Bombay. 3 vol. 1558 (relevant portions)

James Tod: Travels in Western India, 1839 (relevant portions)

- William Foster (ed.): The Embassy of Sir Thomas Roe to the Court of Great Mughal, 1615-1619.
- T.D. Broughton: Letters written in a Mahratta camp during the year 1809, Archibald Constable. Westminster, 1892.
- H.D. Sankalia: Excavations at Ahar (Tambavati), Poona, 1968.
- Mahakavi Ranchod Bhatta, Rajprasasthi Mahakavaya, ed. By Motilal Menaria, Sahitya, Sansthan Rajasthan Vidyapeeth Udaipur, 1973.
- Padmanabha : Khanahdade Prabandha, Ed and translated by V.S.Bhatnagar. Aditya Prakashan, New Delhi, 1991.

PAPER III (A) HISTORIANS OF INDIA IN THE 19TH AND 20TH CENTURIES Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- (I) Elliot and Dowson, James Mill, Grant Duff, Forbes and Edward Thomson.
- (II) B.C.Dutt, Dadabhai Nauroji and A.S.Altekar.
- (III) J.N.Sarkar, G.S. Sardesai, R.C. Majumdar and D.D. Koshambi.

Books Recommended:

C.H.Phillips ed.: Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon. (London: Oxford University Press, 1961.

J.S.Grewal: Medieval Indian Historiography

V.S.Pathak: Historians of Ancient India.

PAPER-III (B) HISTORIANS OF RAJASTHAN IN THE 19TH AND 20TH CENTURIES Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- (i) Dayaldas, Suryamal Mishra and Bankidass.
- (ii) John Malcolm and James Tod.
- (iii) Shyamal Dass, G.H.Ojha, V.N.Reu, Harbilas Sarda and Pt. Ramkaran Asopa
- (iv)Contemporary Historical Trends and Historians of Rajasthan History.

Books Recommended:

Alam Shah Khan : Vansbhakar-EK Adhayan, Rajasthan Sahitya Academy, Udaipur, 1973. Suryamal Mishran : Vansbhakar, V.S. 1956.

S.S. Shekhawat (ed.): Balvad Villas, Rajasthan Sahitya Akademi, Udaipur 1972.

James Tod: Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan, ed., by William Crooke 3 vols, Reprint, Motilal Banarsidass, Delhi, 1971.

John Malcolm: A Memoir of Central India including Malwa and Adjoining provinces in 2 vols., Parbury. Allen and Co., London 1823.

Shyamldass: Vir Vinod, 4 vols. Udaipur, V.S. 1943.

Dayaldass: Khayat Deshadarpan,ed by G.S.Sharma and Satyanarayan Swami. Rajasthan State Archives, Bikaner, 1989.

Harbilas Sarda: Ajmer-Historical and Descriptive.

Harbilas Sarda: Maharana Kumbha.

Hiralal Maheshwari: History of Rajasthani Literature.

Ojha, G.H.: Rajputana Ka Itihas, 1937(Relevant Portions).

Ojha, G.H.: Udaipur Rajya Ka Itihas, 2 vols, V.S. 1982 (Relevant Portions).

Ojha, G.H.: Dungarpur Rajya Ka Itihas, 1936(Relevant Portions).

Ojha, G.H.: Banswara Rajya ka Itihas, 1937 (relevant Portions).

Ojha, G.H.: Bikaner Rajya ka Itihas, 2 vols, 1939-40

Ojha G.H.: Jodhpur Rajya ka Itihas, 2 vols, 1938,1941(relevant Portions).

Ojha, G.H.: Pratapgarh Rajya ka Itihas, 1941 (relevant Portions).

Ojha, G.H.: Pratapgarh Rajya ka Itihas, 1911 (Relevant Portions).

Vishveshwar Nath Reu: Marwar Ka Itihas, 2 vols, 1940 (Relevant Portions).

Indu Asopa: Itihaskar Pandit Ramkaran Asopa.

S.L.Devra:-Dayaldas Sidhayach, *Parampara*, Jodhpur

PAPER IV (A) SOCIAL IDEAS AND INSTITUTIONS IN ANCIENT INDIA Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

1. Sources

- 2. Fundamental Social Concepts and Ideas- Varna, Ashram, Purusartha, Ideals of Family life.
- 3. Formative Phase of Indian Society: Vedic Society: Evidence from Buddhist and Jain Literature, Sutra Literature.
- 4. Development of Indian Society: From 200 B.C. to 1000 A.D.

Books Recommended:

P.V.Kane: History of Dharamasastre, Vol. II P.H. Prabhu: Hindu Social Organization. Kapadia: Marriage and Family in India.

Ghurya: Caste and Clan in India.

N.K.Dutt: Origin and Growth of caste in India.

R.Fick: Social Organization in North East India in Buddha's Times.

Jolly: Hindus Law and Customs Rajbali Pandey: Hindu Sanskars.

Iaravti Karve: Kinship Organizations in India

N.K.Nigam: Fundamental Concept of Indian Culture. Vijay Bahadur Rao: Uttar Vaidik Samaj Evam Sanskrit.

PAPER IV (B) SOCIAL IDEAS AND INSTITUTIONS IN MEDIEVAL INDIA Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

Sources, Impact of New Social order on Hindu Society during 13th and 14th centuries-Growth of a rigid caste system. Problem of Conversion and Low castes, Changes in Social institutions and values-Role of Financial and Commercial Classes-Institution of Slavery.

Books Recommended:

K.M.Ashraf: Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan (1200-1550 A.D.)

E.A.Blunt: The Caste System of Northern India (Reprint, Delhi, 1969 A.D.).

Tara Chand: Impact of Islam on Indian Culture.

Yusuf Husain: Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture.

R.Levy: Social Structure of Islam (Cambridge, 1957)

R.B.Pandey: Hindu Sanskaras: A Socio Relgious Study of the Hindu Sacraments (Banaras, 1945)

G.N.Sharma: Social Life in Medieval Rajasthan (Agra, 1969) Md.Yasin: A Social History of Islamic India (Lucknow, 1958)

A.I.Srivastava: Medieval Indian Culture.

B.N.S. Yadava: Society and Culture in Northern India in the 12th century (Allahabad, 1973)

PAPER IV (C) SOCIAL IDEAS AND INSTITUTIONS IN MODERN INDIA Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

Sources: Challenge From an Industrial society-Various Shades of Indian response, Emergence of Indian Middle Classes-Social Mobility-Social Reform and the Awakening of Caste-upliftment of Women-Depressed Classes and their upliftment.

Books Recommended:

B.B.Misra: The Indian Middle Classes.

Charies Heimsath: Hindu National & Social Reform Natrajan: A Century of Social Reform in India.

Kuppuswamy: Social Changes in India.

PAPER IV (D) SOCIAL IDEAS AND INSTITUTIONS IN RAJASTHAN (Ancient to Modern Period)

Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- (a) Social Institutions, Caste system, Untouchables, Sati and Slavery.
 (b) Social Structure and New Stresses: Social-Religious Movement.
- 2. Feudal System in Rajasthan, its Origin, Growth and Abolition.
- 3. Social evils and attempts at social reforms-Role of Legislation. Arya Samaj and Caste Reform Sabhas with special reference to Desh-Hitkarini Sabha and Walterkrit Rajputra Hitkarini Sabha and their impact.
- 4. Bhagat Movement under Guru Govind Giri, Social work of Christian Missionaries', Impact of West and Modernizations.

Books Recommended:

Dashratha Sharma: Rajasthan Through the Ages, vol.1 Rajasthan State Archives, Bikaner (Relevant-Portions)

Gopinath Sharma: Social Life in Medieval Rajasthan (1500-1800A.D.)

V.K.Vashishtha: Rajputana Agency 1832-1858 Aalekh Publishers, Jaipur, 1978(Chapter XI) on Social Reforms)

S.C. Malik ed.: Dissent Protest and Reform in Indian Civilization, Indian Institute of Advanced Study, Simla, 1977 (Relevant portions).

PAPER V – TRIBAL, PEASANT AND PRAJAMANDAL MOVEMENTS IN RAJASTHAN DURING THE BRITISH PARAMOUNTCY

Duration 3 hrs. Marks: 100

- 1. Tribal Movements with Special reference to (a) Bhil Revolts in Mewar Hill Tracts (1821-1881) (b) Mer Revolt in Merwara (1821), (c) Bhagat Movements under Guru Govind Giri and its impact, (d) Motilal Tejawat and the Ekki Movement in Southern Rajasthan (Mewar Hill Tract and Sirohi)
- 2. Peasant Movements with special reference to (b) Bijolia (b) Shekthawati (c) Neemuchana (1924-25) (d) Grain Riots in Ajmer-Marwar) (1918) (e) Meo Peasant Movement in Alwar and Bharatpur (f) Duddhwa Khara (Bikaner) and (g) Dabra
- 3. (a) Nature of the Revolt of 1857 in Rajputana States and Ajmer Merwara (b) Political Awakening and Praja Mandal Movement with special reference to Marwar and Mewar (c) 1942, Movement in Rajputana States and Ajmer-Merwara (d) Formation of Rajasthan (1948-1956)

Books Recommended:

- K.S. Singh ed.: Tribal Movements in India, Manohar Publication, New Delhi 1983.vols 2(Relevant Portions).
- G.N.Sharma (ed.): Social and Political Awakening Among the Tribals of Rajasthan, Centre for Rajasthan Studies, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur, 1986 (Relevant Portions).
- S.S.Saxena and Padmaja Sharma: Bijolia Kisan Andolan Ka Itihas, Rajasthan State Archives, Bikaner 1972.
- Pema Ram: Agrarian Movement in Rajasthan 1913-1947 A.D. Panchsheel Prakashan, 1986.
- Brij Kishore Sharma: Peasant Movements in Rajasthan (1920-1949) Pointed Publishers, Jaipur 1990.
- Harbilas Sarda: Ajmer Historical and Descriptive (relevant Portions).
- V.K.Vashishtha: Rajputana Agency 1832-1858, Aalkeha Publishers, Jaipur, 1978 (Chapter 1857 uprising in Rajasthan)
- K.S. Saxena: Political Awakening and freedom Movement in Rajasthan (1857-1947)
- Laxman Singh: Political and Constitutional Development in the Princely State of Rajasthan (1920-1949)
- P.Menon: Story of the Integration of Indian States.
- Dr.Sobhagya Goyal: "Ajmer Mein Jan Aandolan" Unneesvi Beesvi Shatabadi, Agrasain Prakashan, Ajmer, 1999.

DISSERTATION (COMPULSORY):

Every admitted sudent of M.Phil. History is required to write a dissertation on any theme of history assigned for it using new approach of interpretation or with new facts of history

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