

MAHARAJA GANGA SINGH UNIVERSITY, BIKANER

Ph. D. COURSE WORK IN LAW

01. Nature of Research — An Introduction:

- 1.1. What is Research — Status of Research on.
- 1.2. Why Legal Research — Significance of Legal Research on Legal Profession in India
- 1.3. Some Current Trends in Legal Research.
- 1.4. Legal Research its Scope and Nature.
- 1.5. Objectives of Legal Research.
- 1.6. Socio-Legal Research.
- 1.7. Modes of Legal Research.
 - 1.7.1. Doctrinal or Traditional Research
 - 1.7.2. Non-doctrinal or Empirical Research.
 - 1.7.3. Descriptive and Analytical Research.
 - 1.7.4. Applied and Fundamental Research.
 - 1.7.5. Historical Research.
 - 1.7.6. Sociological Research.

02. Planning of Legal Research:

- 2.1. Identification of Research Problems.
- 2.2. Selection of a Research Problem.
- 2.3. Formulation of a Research Problem.
- 2.4. Research Design.

03. Methods of Investigation:

- 3.1. Scientific Method of Investigation.
- 3.2. Case Study Method of Investigation.
- 3.3. Survey Method of Investigation.
- 3.4. Experimental Method of Investigation.
- 3.5. Discussion Method of Investigation.

04. Method and Tools for Collecting of Data:

- 4.1. Primary Data Method,
 - 4.1.1. Observation.
 - 4.1.2. Interview
 - 4.1.3. Telephone Interview
 - 4.1.4. Mail Survey.
- 4.2. Secondary Data Method:
 - 4.2.1. Significance of Secondary Data
 - 4.2.2. Evaluating Secondary Data
 - 4.2.3. Sources of Secondary Data
- 4.3. Schedule.
- 4.4. Questionnaire
- 4.5. Pre-testing in Questionnaire
- 4.6. Pilot Study.
- 4.7. Tests.
- 4.8. Cumulative Record Cards.

05. Hypothesis:

- 5.1. Introduction.
- 5.2. Sources of Hypothesis.
- 5.3. Characteristics of hypothesis.

- 5.4. Estimation and Testing of hypothesis.
- 5.5. Hypothesis Testing Procedure.
- 5.6. Relation between theory and hypothesis.

06. Sampling:

- 6.1. Importance of Sampling.
- 6.2. Advantages and Limitations of Sampling.
- 6.3. Theoretical basis of Sampling
- 6.4. Types of Sampling.
- 6.5. Probability and Non-probability Sampling
- 6.6. Sampling and Non-sampling Error.

07. Data Processing

- 7.1. Introduction
- 7.2. Editing
- 7.3. Coding
- 7.4. Tabulation.

08. Analysis and Interpretation of Data:

- 8.1. Application of Content Analysis in Legal Research.
- 8.2. Analysis of Aggregate Data.
- 8.3. Data Interpretation and Report writing.
- 8.4. Collection and Analysis Data
- 8.5. Legal input Analysis, the ideal and the practicable.

09. Research Report:

- 9.1. Introduction.
- 9.2. Types of Report.
- 9.3. Contents of a Report.
- 9.4. Steps in Drafting Report.

10. Computer Application and Legal Research.

- 10.1. Introduction.
- 10.2. Jurimetrics.
- 10.3. Role of Computers in the field of Legal Research.
- 10.4. Role of Law Journals.

Select Bibliography:-

01. Legal Research and Methodology— Indian Law Institute, New Dethi
02. Mi. Tanulingam — Research Methodology Himalaya Publishing
03. Dr. H.N.Tawari Legal Research Methodology — Alihabad Law Agency.
04. High Brayal, Nigel Duncan and Richard Crimes, Clmical Legal Education: Active Learing in your School (1998)Blackstone P. Press Limited,London.
05. M.O. Price, H. Bitner and Bysiewiez, Effective Legal Research (1978)
06. Pauline V.Young, Scientific Social Survey and Research (1962)
07. William I Grade and Paul K Hatt, Methods in Social Research, Mc Graw-Hill Book Company, London.
08. Payne, The Art of Asking Questions (1965)
09. H.M.Hyman, Interviewing in Social Research (1965)
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11. Harvard Law Review Association, Uniform System of Citations.
12. Erwim C. Surrency B. Fielf and .J. Cn, 4 Guide to Legal Research (1959)
13. P.Saravanavel — Research Methodojpgy — Kitab Mahal
14. C.R.Kothari — Research Methodo'ogy (Methods and Techniques)- Vishwa Prakashan.